IMPLEMENTING A LOCAL ROAD SAFETY PLAN

June 29, 2020

presented by

Federal Highway Administration
Office of Safety





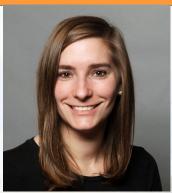


PRESENTERS



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HOUSEKEEPING

Instructions

- » Hour presentation with half hour for Q&A
- » All phones are muted
- » Questions
 - Q&A session will follow presentation
 - If have you have a question, write your question in Q&A (hover your mouse above or below your screen. Click on Q&A)
- » If you are having audio or video problems, let us know through the chat box
- » A recording of the presentation will be made available
- » A link to download the presentation will be provided in the chat box
- » Webinar evaluation survey will come up in your web browser after the meeting

OVERVIEW

- Poll Results
- Introduction
- LRSP Development
- Steps for Successful Implementation
- Conclusion



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WHAT IS AN LRSP?

- FHWA proven safety countermeasure
- Tool to improve safety on local roads
 - » Local roads have a fatality crash rate that is 75 percent higher than interstate



Photo courtesy of Molly O'Brien, Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

IMPLEMENTING AN LRSP

LRSPs

- » Provide a framework to identify, analyze, and prioritize roadway safety improvements on local roads
- » Many have adopted this approach
- Purpose of guide
 - » Focus on noteworthy practices
 - » Strategies for overcoming barriers and obstacles to implementation



Photo courtesy of Molly O'Brien, Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

SUCCESSFUL IMPLEMENTATION

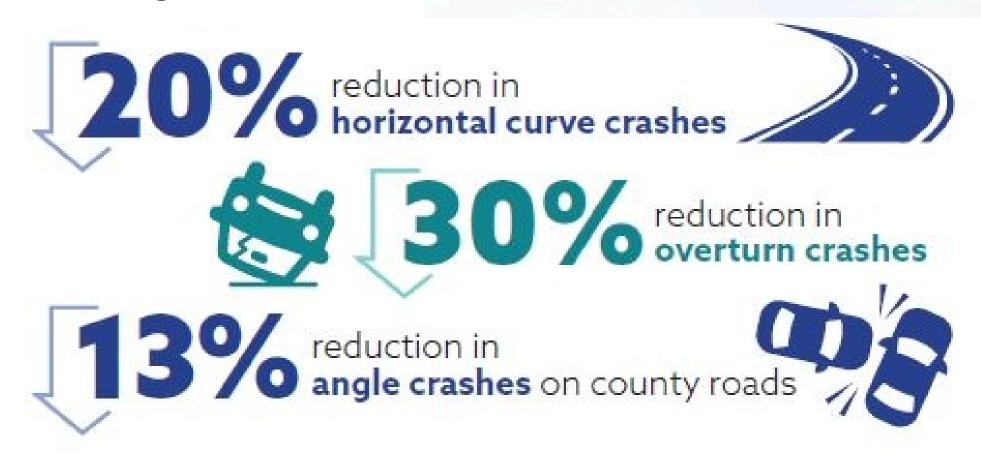
- Approval of an implementation plan
- Execute safety projects/programs
- Deploy proven countermeasures
- Integrate 4E solutions
- Change agency policies and practices
- Reduce fatalities and serious injuries



Photo courtesy of Neil Hetherington WTI-MSU

SUCCESSFUL EXAMPLE

Washington State



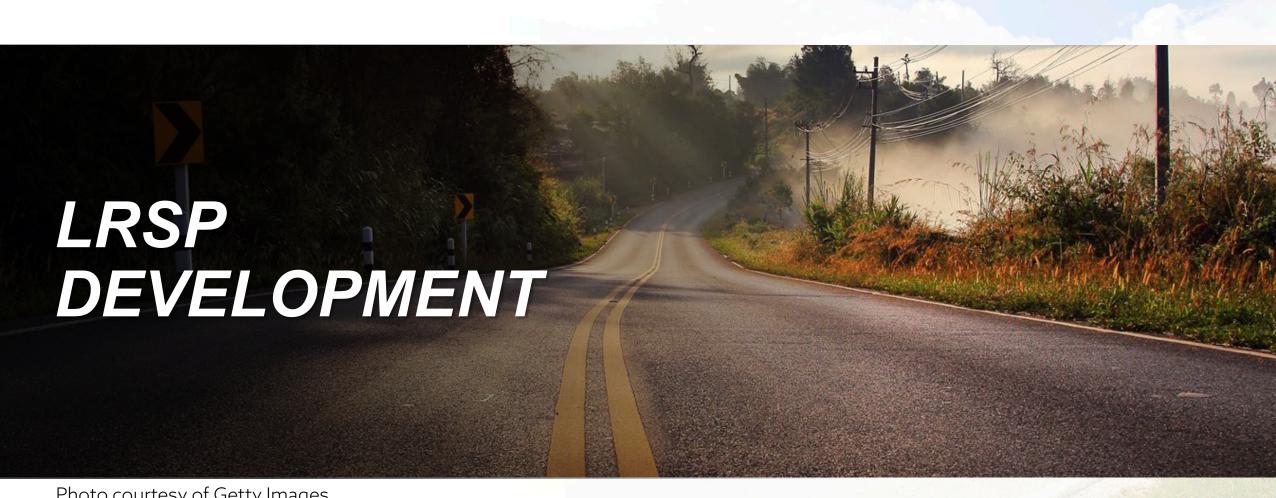


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IMPACTS TO IMPLEMENTATION

- Development activities that make implementation easier
 - » Obtain support and buy-in
 - » Find a champion
 - » Conduct data collection and analysis
 - » Identify funding mechanisms and allocate appropriate resources
 - » Determine the level of project detail
 - » Develop a clear vision and mission

EXISTING PLANS

- How to jump start implementation for existing LRSPs
 - » Reaffirm support from the champion(s)
 - » Strengthen support and buy-in from officials and 4E stakeholders
 - » Engage with others to implement behavioral safety countermeasures
 - » Clarify funding requirements and allocate appropriate resources
 - » Review the level of project detail so projects are ready to be submitted for funding

LRSP DIFFERENCES

- Funding for development
- Who develops
- Area covered
- Project selection
- Level of project development



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STEPS FOR SUCCESSFUL IMPLEMENTATION

- 1. MAINTAIN BUY-IN AND SUPPORT
 - 2. IDENTIFY FUNDING MECHANISMS
 - 3. IDENTIFY AND PRIORITIZE PROJECTS
 - 4. DETERMINE PROJECT DELIVERY METHODS
 - 5. **EVALUATE EFFECTIVENESS**
 - 6. CONTINUE COMMUNICATION AND COORDINATION

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Photo courtesy of Brian Keierleber, Buchanan County, IA

STEP 1 – MAINTAIN BUY-IN AND SUPPORT

- Inform leaders and stakeholders
- Address citizen complaints/concerns
- Identify a champion
- Obtain support from colleagues

STEP 1 – MAINTAIN BUY-IN AND SUPPORT

Recommendations

- Reach out to new agency and elected officials
- Stakeholder meetings
- Fact sheet
- Share success stories
- Incorporate others (maintenance, development, etc.)

STEP 1 – LOUISIANA HOUMA-THIBODAUX MPO – CASSIE PARKER

- South Central Regional Safety Coalition Regional LRSP
 - » Collaboration between Safety Coalition and MPO Technical Advisory Committee
 - Joint quarterly meetings to review projects, address safety concerns, monitor crash data, evaluate priorities, determine available funding sources, and identify best practices and policies
 - » Provide periodic updates in presentations to area MPO Policy Committee, area MPO Board
 - » Provide information on current safety trends
 - Crash data on local roads
 - Road safety assessment findings
 - Proven effective countermeasures to address specific crash types
 - Funding sources
 - Best Practices and policies for local governments to adopt



Photo courtesy of Neil Hetherington WTI-MSU

STEP 2 – IDENTIFY FUNDING MECHANISMS

- HSIP funding
 - » HSIP application process
 - » HSIP funding availability for local agencies
 - » Perception of difficulty using HSIP funds
- Behavioral safety funding
- Other funding sources

STEP 2 – IDENTIFY FUNDING MECHANISMS

Recommendations

- Determine potential funding sources
- Identify HSIP funding opportunities
- Review opportunity for overlap with capital improvement projects
- Verify if public/private partnerships are available

STEP 2 – CALTRANS

- Local Roadway Safety: A Manual for California's Local Road Owners
 - » Guidance on the HSIP application process and the types of safety improvements that could be funded
- SSARP (Systemic Safety Analysis Report Program)
 - » Address local agency reluctance to apply for HSIP funding
 - » Assisted local agencies with the information needed for HSIP application
 - » Name changed to LRSP

YOUR SPEED SLOW DOWN

Photo courtesy of Brian Keierleber, Buchanan County, IA

STEP 3 – IDENTIFY AND PRIORITIZE PROJECTS

- Network screening
- Systemic safety analysis process
- Data analysis
- Benefit-cost analysis
- Cross jurisdictional ownership
- Link with priorities in other plans
- Other approaches (other planned projects or policy/political reasons)

STEP 3 – IDENTIFY AND PRIORITIZE PROJECTS

Recommendations

- Utilize appropriate methods to identify projects
- Identify projects that address most serious safety concerns
- Benefit-cost analysis
- Prioritize based on funding application requirements

STEP 3 – WASHINGTON STATE

- Provided each county with crash statistics
- Conducted training on systemic safety analysis process
- Held a workshop on project prioritization
- Cowlitz County, WA
 - » Developed list of prioritized projects with estimated cost

Photo courtesy of Brian Keierleber, Buchanan County, IA

STEP 4 – DELIVER PROJECTS

- Design
- Design build
- Project bundling
- On-going maintenance
- Other methods

STEP 4 – DELIVER PROJECTS

Recommendations

- State provide assistance to local agencies
- Project bundling
- On-going maintenance

STEP 4 – KEOKUK COUNTY, IA

- Andrew McGuire, County Engineer
 - » Used project bundling to complete multiple projects
 - » Projects were similar in nature and near each other
 - » Mainly low-cost safety improvements



Photo courtesy of Andrew McGuire, Keokuk County, IA

Photo courtesy of Molly O'Brien, Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

STEP 5 – EVALUATE IMPLEMENTATION

- Output and outcome evaluation
- Process evaluation

STEP 5 – EVALUATE IMPLEMENTATION

Recommendations

- Update the plan
- Identify metrics
- Expand stakeholders

STEP 5 - MINNESOTA

- > 85-90 percent of counties have implemented an LRSP
- DOT receives over 100 applications for funding each year
- > St. Louis County, MN
 - » Between 2012 and 2017, 35 percent reduction in fatality rate on county road system

Photo courtesy of FHWA.

STEP 6 – COMMUNICATION & COORDINATION

- Coordination with State DOT and LTAP
- Outreach to other stakeholders

STEP 6 – COMMUNICATION & COORDINATION

Recommendations

- Incorporate stakeholders with representation from 4Es
- Promote safety message through marketing success stories
 - » Social media
 - » Conferences
 - » Newsletter
 - » Presentations

STEP 6 – CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, OH

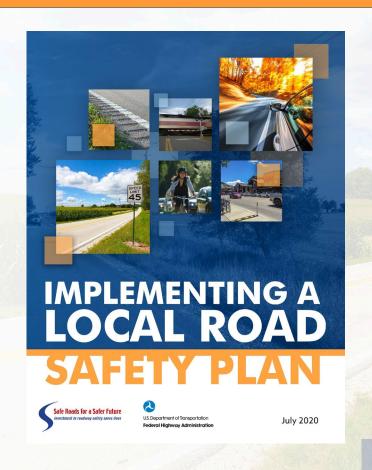
- Stephen McCall, County Engineer
- Champaign County, OH used a unique way to reach out to stakeholders called the C-H-A-R-M process:
 - » C Communicate with phone, emails, announcements; follow-up with thank you and outcomes
 - » H Help, ask for it
 - » A Activist actively participate and volunteer for other groups
 - » R Relationships know who you are talking to and make a connection with them
 - » M Motivate make it personal. Worked with Safe Communities Coalition



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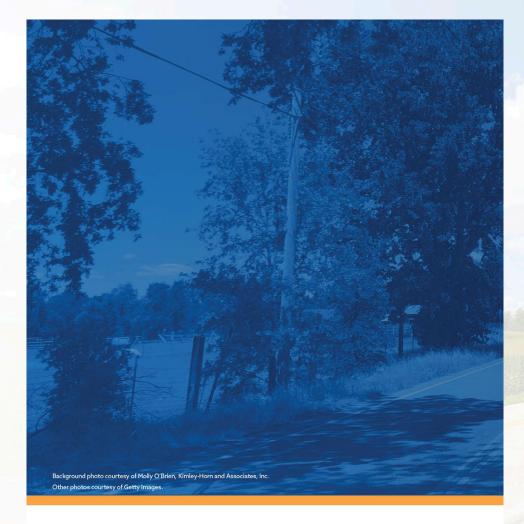
STEPS TO CONSIDER

- Engage your stakeholders
- Find a champion
- Identify funding mechanisms
- Prioritize projects
- Allocate appropriate resources
- Determine project development
- Undertake project delivery
- Conduct evaluation
- Continue communication and coordination



THE REPORT

FHWA-SA-20-025







U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration Office of Safety 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20590 https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/ July 2020 FHWA-SA-20-025

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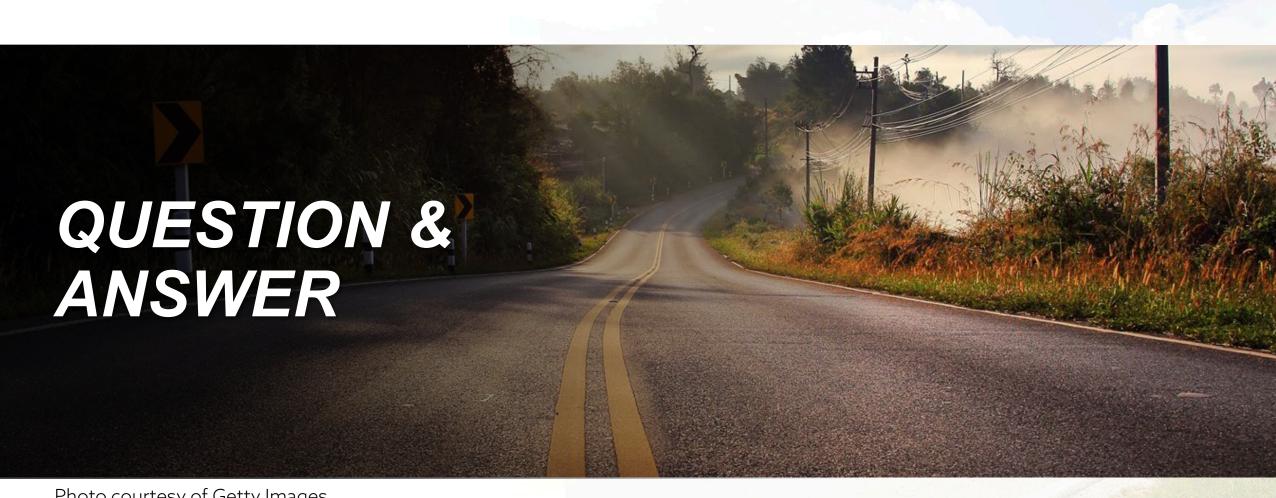


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