



August 20, 2007

In Reply Refer To: HSSD/LS-64 (**REVISED**)

Mr. Ray Minor HAPCO 26252 Hillman Highway Abingdon, VA 24210

Dear Mr. Minor:

Your letter March 20, 2007, requests the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to revise our acceptance issued for your company's HAPCO cast base assemblies for decorative lighting poles for use on the National Highway System (NHS) under the provisions of National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 "Recommended Procedures for the Safety Performance Evaluation of Highway Features." Accompanying your most recent correspondence was a revised report on testing of your system conducted by the Texas Transportation Institute (TTI). This letter revises our previous letter, LS-64, to include updated cast base assembly model numbers and includes the consideration of a cast base that was retested and redesigned.

# Requirements

Luminaire supports should meet the guidelines contained in the NCHRP Report 350, "Recommended Procedures for the Safety Performance Evaluation of Highway Features". The FHWA Memorandum "<u>ACTION</u>: Identifying Acceptable Highway Safety Features" of July 25, 1997, provides further guidance on crash testing of luminaire supports and on use of low-speed pendulum tests as a surrogate for full-scale crash testing.

### **Product description**

The following four HAPCO Decorative Lighting Pole Bases were tested at the TTI outdoor pendulum testing facility.

1) HAPCO A73704 Cast Base Assembly for a Decorative Lighting Pole. The base of the lighting pole was cast aluminum (alloy 356-T6) with a 11.5 inch (292 mm) square base going into an octagonal shape and then tapering to a fluted base for a base height of 3 ft-7-1/4 inches (1.1 m). Atop this was a 5 inch (127 mm) diameter straight aluminum tube (Alloy 6063-T6) with 0.188 inch (4.8 mm) wall thickness and a length of 16 ft-4-3/4 inches (5 m), giving a total height of 20 ft (6.1 m). A cast aluminum adapter ring was placed on top of the pole to accommodate



the round light. The weight of the pole with base was 86.8 pounds (39.4 kg) and the round light was 23.8 pounds (10.8 kg), totaling a weight of 110.6 pounds (50.2 kg). The base was attached to a steel reaction plate with 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) steel anchor bolts, hex nuts, lock washers, and flat washers. Drawings of the HAPCO A73704 cast base assembly and the A88869 test pole are enclosed.

- 2) HAPCO A76696 Cast Base Assembly for a Decorative Lighting Pole. The base of the lighting pole was cast aluminum (alloy 356-T6) with a 17 inch round base (432 mm) tapering to a fluted shape for a base height of 20-1/4 inches (514 mm). A 5.8 inch (147 mm) diameter tapering to a 3 inch (76 mm) diameter aluminum tube (alloy 6063-T6) with a 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) wall thickness and a length of 18 ft-3-3/4 inches (5.6 m) was welded to the base, giving a total height of 20 ft (6.1 m). A cast aluminum adapter ring was placed on top of the pole to accommodate the round light. The weight of the pole with the base was 91.0 pounds (41.3 kg) and the round light was 23.8 pounds (10.8 kg), totaling a weight of 114.8 pounds (52.1 kg). The base was attached to a steel reaction plate with 3/4 inch (19 mm) steel anchor bolts, hex nuts, lock washers and flat washers. Drawings of the HAPCO A76696 cast base assembly and the B88870 test pole are enclosed.
- 3) HAPCO A79419 Cast Base Assembly for a Decorative Lighting Pole. The base of the lighting pole was cast aluminum (alloy 356-T6) with a 17 inch round base (432 mm) tapering to a fluted shape for a base height of 30-3/4 inches (0.78 m). A 6 inch (152 mm) diameter tapering to 3 inch (76 mm) diameter aluminum tube (alloy 6063-T6) with 0.188 inch (4.8 mm) wall thickness and a length of 17 ft-5-1/4 inches (5.3 m) was welded to the base, giving a total height of 20 ft (6.1 m). A cast aluminum adapter ring was placed on top of the pole to accommodate the round light. The weight of the pole with base was 110.2 pounds (50 kg) and the round light was 23.8 pounds (10.8 kg), totaling a weight of 134.0 pounds (60.8 kg). The base was attached to a steel reaction plate with 3/4 inch (19 mm) steel anchor bolts, hex nuts, lock washers and flat washers. Drawings of the HAPCO A79419 cast base assembly and the A88871 test pole are enclosed.
- 4) HAPCO A78284 Cast Base Assembly for a Decorative Lighting Pole. The base of the lighting pole was cast aluminum (alloy 356-T6) with an octagonal base going into a fluted tube for a base height of 42 inches (1.1 m). Atop this was a 5 inch (127 mm) aluminum tube (alloy 6063-T6) with 0.188 inch (4.8 mm) wall thickness and 16 ft-6 inches long (5 m), giving a total height of 20 ft (6.1 m). A cast aluminum adapter ring was placed on top of the pole to accommodate the square light. The weight of the pole with base was 103.2 pounds (46.8 kg) and the round light was 15.0 pounds (6.8 kg), totaling a weight of 118.2 pounds (53.6 kg). The base was attached to an in-ground 5 inch (127 mm) diameter aluminum tube (alloy 6063-T6) with 0.188 inch (4.8 mm) wall thickness, 4 ft (1.22 m) long, and flattened 12 inches (305 mm) from the bottom with a 2.5 inch (63.5 mm) wide by 8 inch (203 mm) long slotted hole centered 2 ft (0.61 m) below the ground surface. Drawings of the HAPCO A78284 cast base assembly and the A88868 test pole are enclosed.

### **Testing**

Your company's cast base assemblies for decorative lighting poles were tested at the TTI outdoor pendulum testing facility, as a surrogate for full-scale crash testing. The pendulum bogie was built according the specifications of the Federal Outdoor Impact Laboratory's (FOIL)

pendulum, and the frontal crush of the aluminum honeycomb nose of the bogie simulated the crush of an actual vehicle. Tests with pendulums are acceptable for most breakaway supports, exceptions being base bending or yielding supports.

Five low speed pendulum tests were conducted on your company's assembly bases for decorative lighting poles, one test on each of the poles with an additional test conducted on HAPCO A79419. Summaries of the test results are provided in Enclosure 2. All of the cast base assemblies met the NCHRP Report 350 occupant risk criteria. In addition, TTI extrapolated the high-speed performance from the low speed pendulum tests. We agree that the test articles appear to perform appropriately to make such high-speed extrapolations. All high speed extrapolations yield lower change in velocity values than the paired low speed pendulum tests.

In tests with HAPCO A73704 and HAPCO A76696 cast base assemblies, the base pulled out of the anchor bolts. In the test with HAPCO A78284 cast base assembly, the base fractured at ground level. This performance satisfies the FHWA limit of maximum 4 inch (100 mm) stub height remaining after a support breaks away.

However, in the first test conducted on the HAPCO A79419 cast base assembly, the remaining base left on the reaction plate was 9 inches (229 mm) tall, which exceeds the FHWA limit of a maximum 4 inch (100 mm) stub height. While you reported that a portion of the fractured base was contacted by the pendulum sweeper plate and the associated change in velocity was negligible, a concern remained that the stub may have a potential to cause vehicle undercarriage snagging and vehicle instability if a wheel hits the stub. The same cast base assembly was retested and the base fractured at ground level. The cast base appears to fracture randomly when impacted, and the FHWA requested additional changes be made to the design. Subsequently, the HAPCO A79419 cast base assembly was redesigned as shown on HAPCO Drawing A12500 (enclosed) to match the HAPCO A76696 by widening the anchor bolt slots. With the passing test and subsequent design improvement, the HAPCO A12500 is now acceptable to the FHWA and no further testing is required.

In summary, we agree that HAPCO A73704, HAPCO A76696, HAPCO A12500, and HAPCO A78284 cast base assemblies for decorative lighting poles as described above, meet the appropriate evaluation criteria for a NCHRP 350 Test Level 3 devices and may be used at all appropriate locations on the NHS when selected by the contracting authority, subject to the provisions of Title 23, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 635.411 as they pertain to proprietary products.

### Standard provisions

Please note the following standard provisions that apply to FHWA letters of acceptance:

- This acceptance is limited to the crashworthiness characteristics of the devices and does not cover their structural features, nor conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- Any changes that may adversely influence the crashworthiness of the device will require a new acceptance letter.
- Should the FHWA discover that the qualification testing was flawed, that in-service performance reveals unacceptable safety problems, or that the device being marketed is

- significantly different from the version that was crash tested, it reserves the right to modify or revoke its acceptance.
- You will be expected to supply potential users with sufficient information on design and installation requirements to ensure proper performance.
- You will be expected to certify to potential users that the hardware furnished has essentially the same chemistry, mechanical properties, and geometry as that submitted for acceptance, and that they will meet the crashworthiness requirements of the FHWA and the NCHRP Report 350.
- To prevent misunderstanding by others this letter of acceptance designated as number LS-64 shall not be reproduced except in full. This letter and the test documentation upon which this letter is based, is public information. All such letters and documentation may be reviewed at our office upon request.
- The HAPCO devices are patented products and considered proprietary. If proprietary devices are specified by a highway agency for use on Federal-aid projects, except exempt, non-NHS projects, they: (a) must be supplied through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items; (b) the highway agency must certify that they are essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists; or (c) they must be used for research or for a distinctive type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. Our regulations concerning proprietary products are contained in Title 23, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 635.411.
- This acceptance letter shall not be construed as authorization or consent by the FHWA to use, manufacture, or sell any patented device for which the applicant is not the patent holder. The acceptance letter is limited to the crashworthiness characteristics of the candidate device, and the FHWA is neither prepared nor required to become involved in issues concerning patent law. Patent issues, if any, are to be resolved by the applicant.

Sincerely yours,

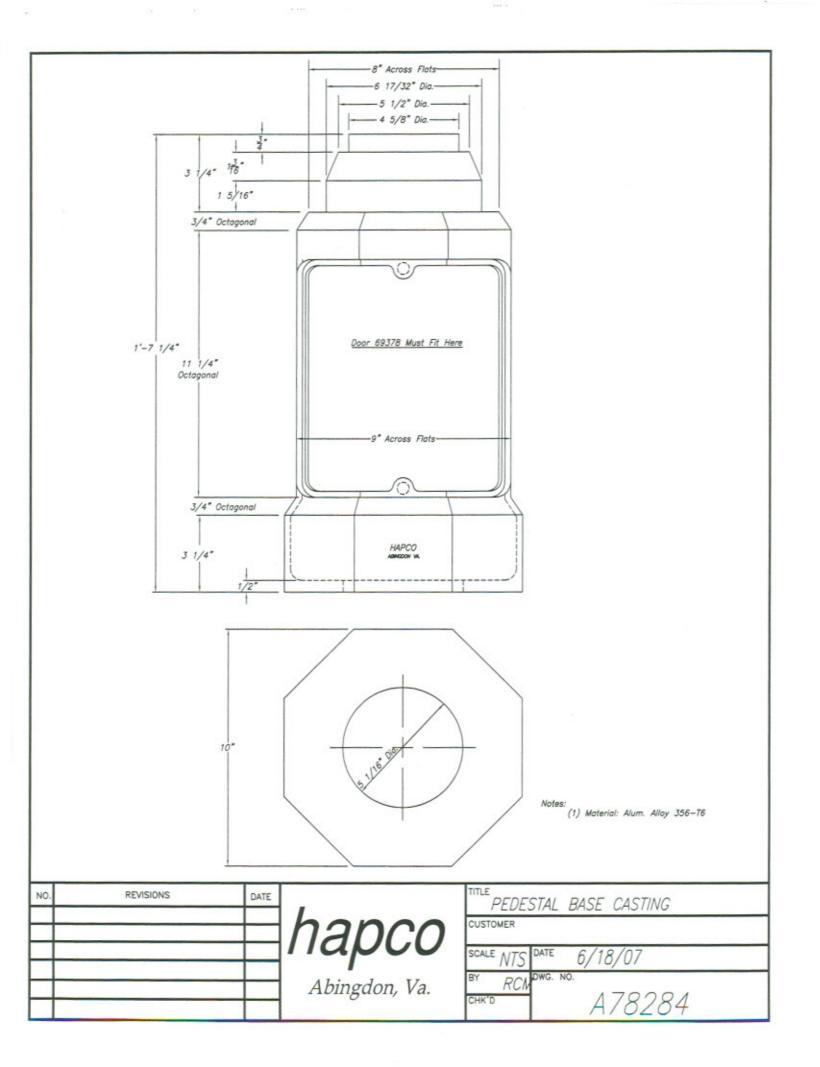
George E. Rice, Jr.

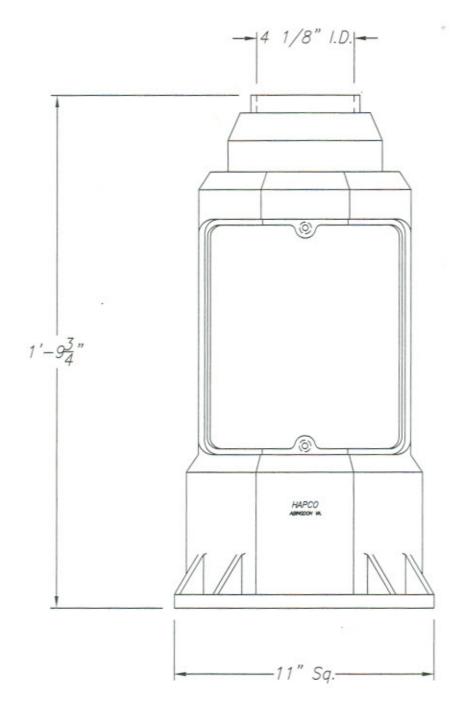
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Enclosures

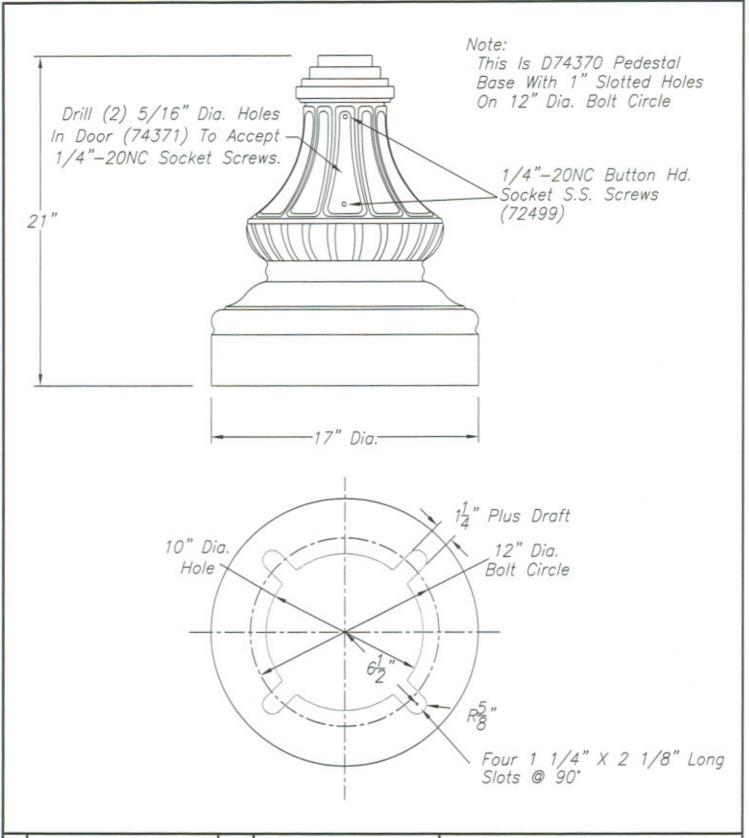




Cast Alum. Base (See C73704 For Details)

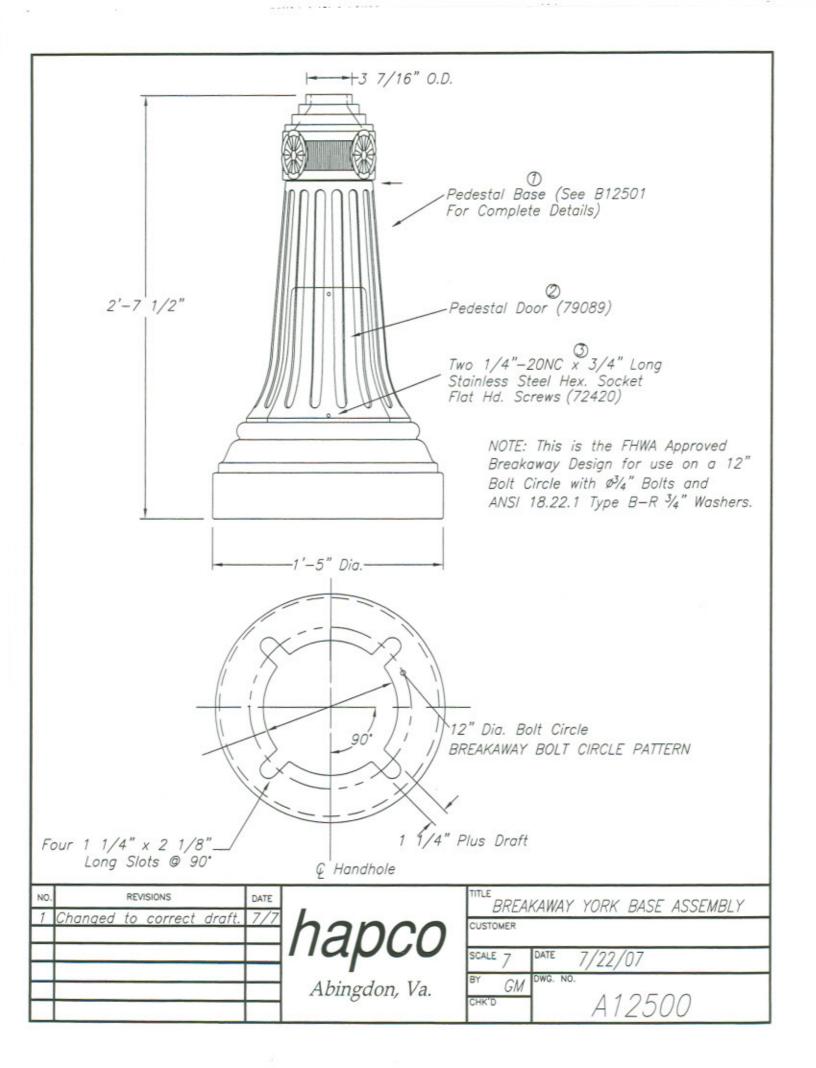
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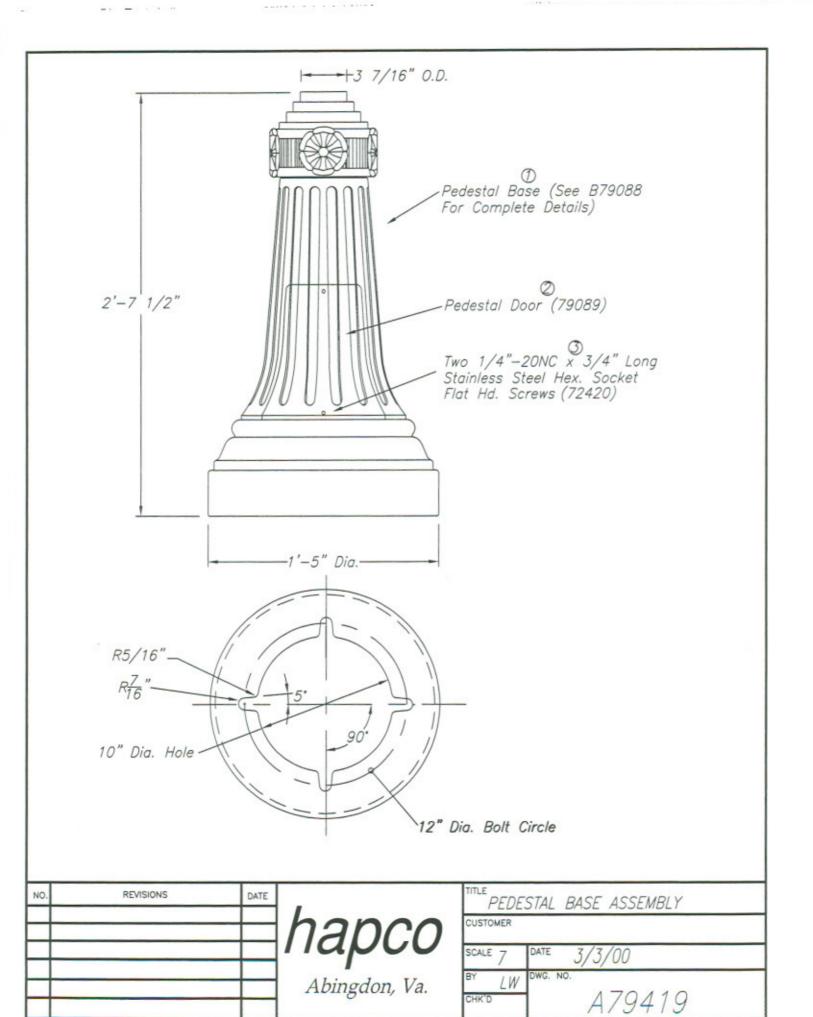
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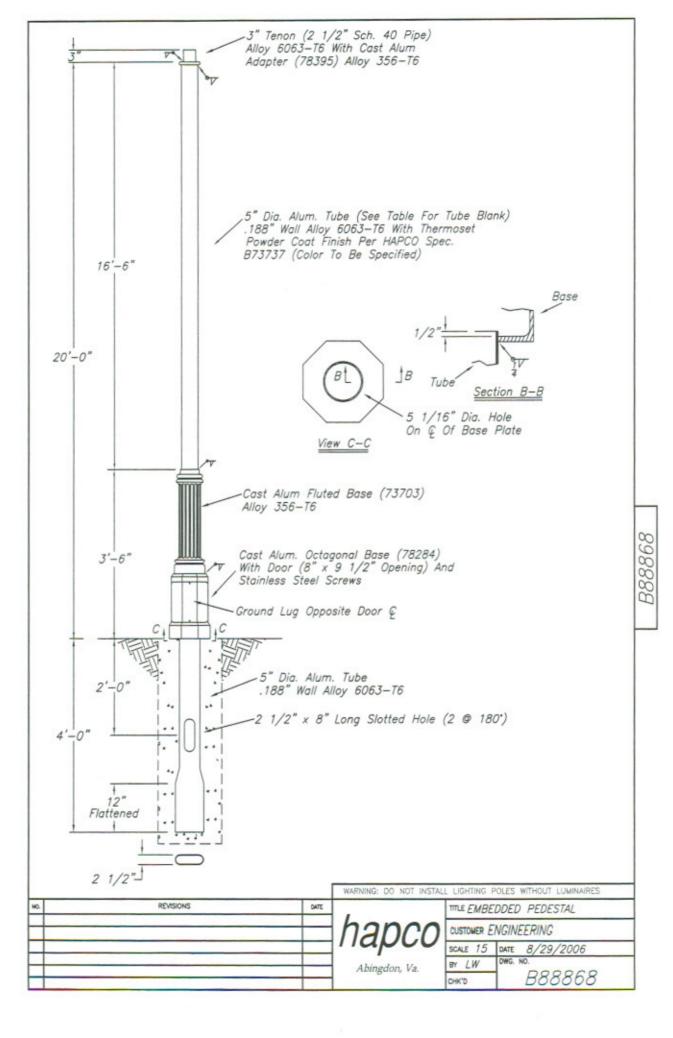


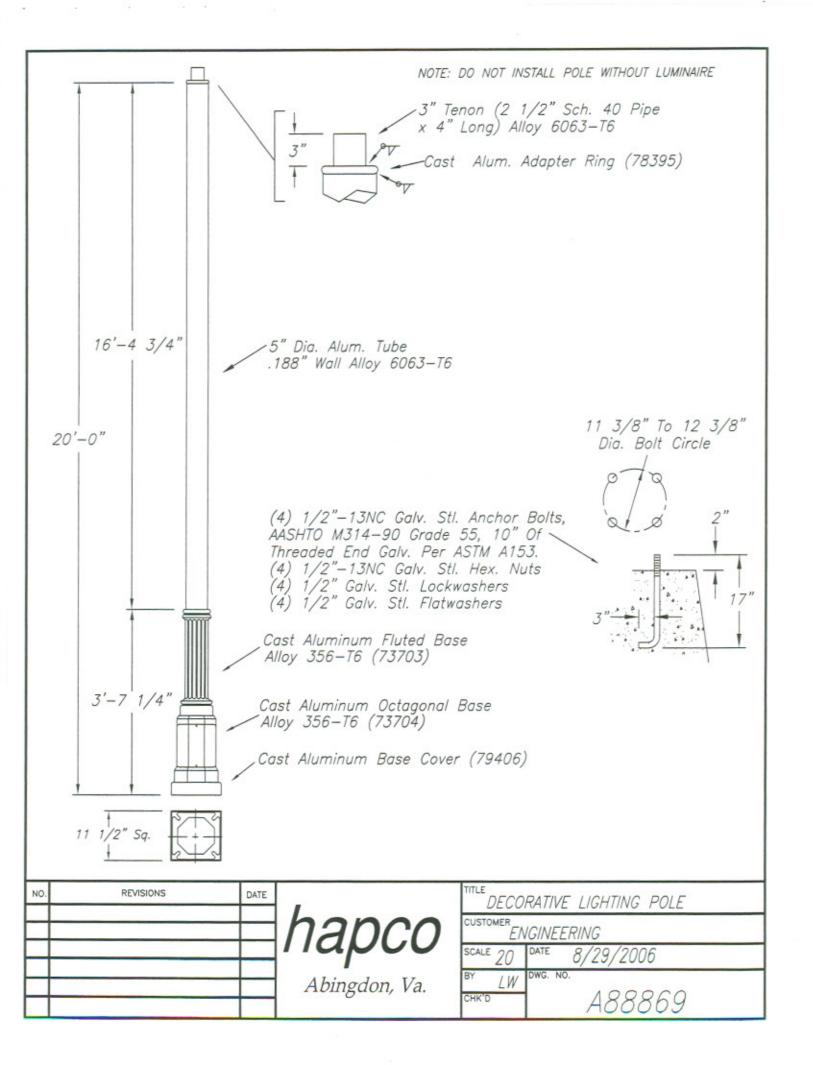
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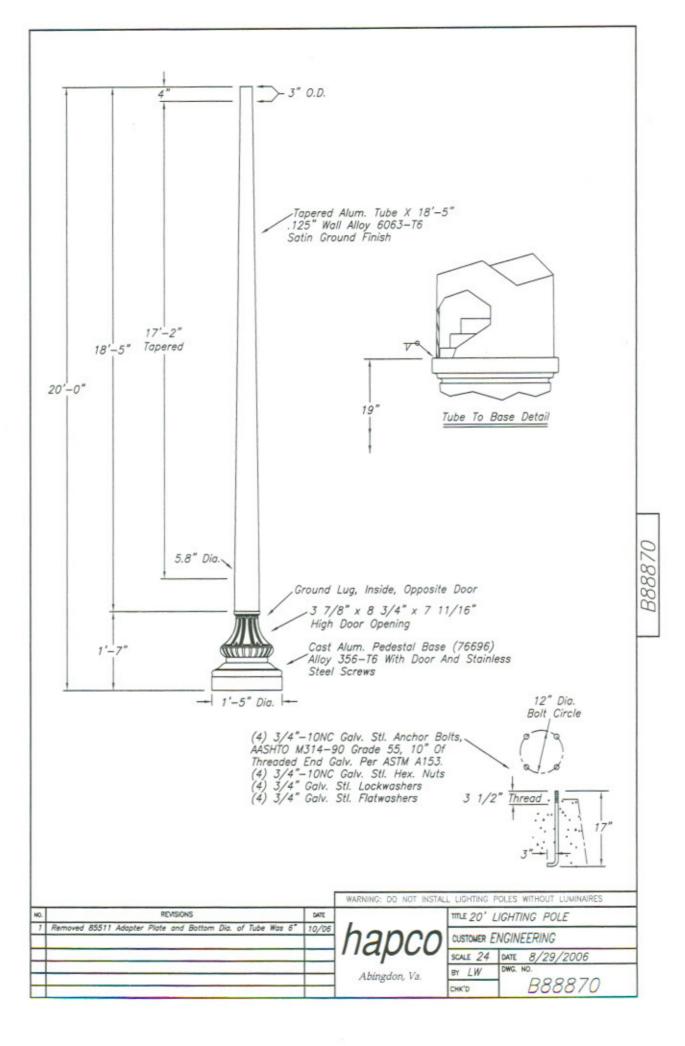
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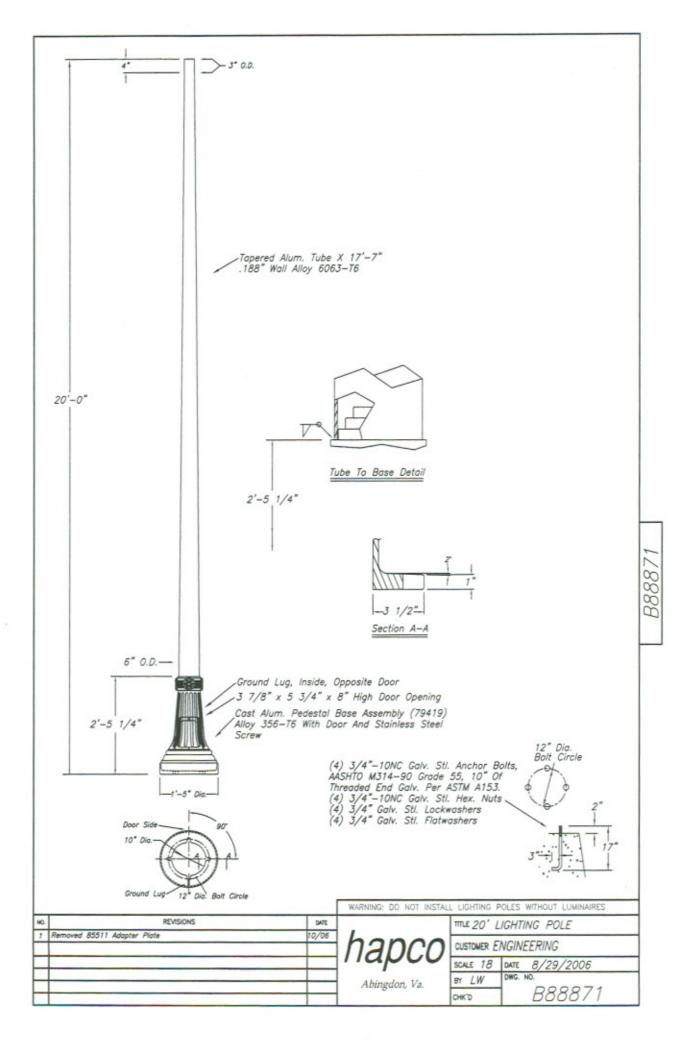


Table D1. Summary of results for pendulum test 400001-HAP P1.

	General Information
	Test AgencyTexas Transportation Institute
	Test No
	Date10-20-2006
STATE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	Test Article
三 8期間期間	TypeLuminaire
The second secon	Name HAPCO A88869 Decorative Lighting Pole
0.000	Installation Height (m)
0.000 s	Material of Key Element Cast Aluminum (Alloy 356-T6)
	and 5-inch Dia. Aluminum (Alloy 6063-T6) Tube
	Soil TypeReaction Plate
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Test Vehicle
	TypeBogie
Constitution Constitution	DesignationPendulum
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STATE OF THE PARTY	Impact Conditions
	Speed
0.048 s	- Angle
	Occupant Risk Values
	Impact Velocity
	Longitudinal direction2.7 m/s
	Ridedown Accelerations
	Longitudinal direction0.6 g's
Basely T Committee	Maximum change in Velocity
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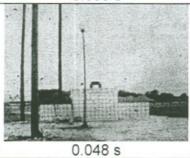


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Table D2. Summary of results for pendulum test 400001-HAP P2.

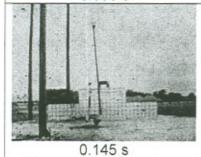
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Test AgencyTexas Trans	portation Institute
Test No.	. 400001-HAP P2
Date	10-20-2006

# **Test Article**

Type	Luminarie
Name HAPCO B8	88870 Decorative Lighting Pole
Installation Height (m)	6.1 m (20 ft)
Material of Key Element	Cast Aluminum (Alloy 356-T6)
and Tapered 5.8-3-inch Dia.	Aluminum (Alloy 6063-T6) Tube
Soil Type	Reaction Plate

# Test Vehicle

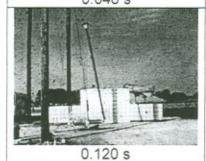
Type	Bogie
Designation	Pendulum
Test Inertia Mass	839 kg
Impact Conditions	
Speed	34.9 km/h
Angle	90 deg
Occupant Risk Values	
Impact Velocity	
Longitudinal direction	4.6 m/s
Ridedown Accelerations	
Longitudinal direction	0.6 g's
Maximum change in Velocity	4.9 m/s
Predicted High-Speed Change in Velocity	2.2 m/s

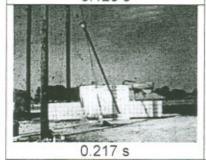


Table D4. Summary of results for pendulum test 400001-HAP P4.

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General Information	
Test AgencyTexas Trans	portation Institute
Test No.	
Date	
Test Article	
Туре	Luminaire
NameHAPCO B88868 Decora	tive Lighting Pole
Installation Height (m)	
Material of Key Element Cast Aluminu	m (Alloy 356-T6)
and 5-inch Dia. Aluminum (All	
Soil Type	
	otariaara oon
Test Vehicle	
Type	Bogie
Designation	Pendulum
Test Inertia Mass	839 kg
Impact Conditions	
Speed	35.0 km/h
Angle	90 deg
Occupant Risk Values	
Impact Velocity	
Longitudinal direction	2.6 m/s
Ridedown Accelerations	
Longitudinal direction	0.8 g's
Maximum change in Velocity	
Predicted High-Speed Change in Velocity	



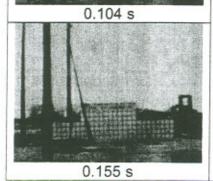


Table D1. Summary of results for pendulum test 400001-HAP P5.

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General Information           Test Agency         Texas Transportation Institute           Test No         400001-HAP P5           Date         02-15-2007           Test Article         Type         Luminaire           Name         HAPCO B88871 Decorative Lighting Pole           Installation Height (m)         6.1 m (20 ft)           Material of Key Element         Cast Aluminum (Alloy 356-T6)           and Tapered 3-6-inch Dia         Aluminum (Alloy 6063-T6)
Soil TypeReaction Plate
Test Vehicle Type
Test Inertia Mass839 kg
Impact Conditions
Speed
Angle
Longitudinal direction4.0 m/s Ridedown Accelerations
Longitudinal direction0.7 g's
Maximum change in Velocity3.4 m/s
Predicted High-Speed Change in Velocity1.8 m/s
100

